#### CHANGING THE SUBJECT OF A FORMULA

#### Pearson Edexcel - Tuesday 19 May 2020 - Paper 1 (Non-Calculator) Higher Tier

1.

17 Make *f* the subject of the formula  $d = \frac{3(1-f)}{f-4}$ 

(Total for Question 17 is 4 marks)

Pearson Edexcel - Thursday 6 June 2019 - Paper 2 (Calculator) Higher Tier

15 Make *m* the subject of the formula  $f = \frac{3m+4}{m-1}$ 

(Total for Question 15 is 3 marks)

Pearson Edexcel - Tuesday 6 November 2018 - Paper 1 (Non-Calculator) Higher Tier

## 2 $v^2 = u^2 + 2as$

- u = 12 a = -3 s = 18
- (a) Work out a value of v.

(2)

(b) Make *s* the subject of  $v^2 = u^2 + 2as$ 

(2)

(Total for Question 2 is 4 marks)

.....

Pearson Edexcel - Tuesday 13 June 2017 - Paper 3 (Calculator) Higher Tier

14 (a) Simplify  $\frac{x^2 - 16}{2x^2 - 5x - 12}$ 

(b) Make v the subject of the formula  $w = \frac{15(t - 2v)}{v}$ 

(3)

(3)

(Total for Question 14 is 6 marks)

Pearson Edexcel - Specimen Papers Set 2 - Paper 3 (Calculator) Higher Tier

3 Make *t* the subject of the formula  $y = \frac{t}{3} - 2a$ 

(Total for Question 3 is 2 marks)

## Pearson Edexcel - Specimen Papers Set 1 - Paper 1 (Non-Calculator) Higher Tier

6.

13 
$$m = \sqrt{\frac{k^3 + 1}{4}}$$

Make k the subject of the formula.

(Total for Question 13 is 3 marks)

Pearson Edexcel - Specimen Papers Set 1 - Paper 2 (Calculator) Higher Tier

**1** Make *t* the subject of the formula w = 3t + 11

(Total for Question 1 is 2 marks)

Pearson Edexcel - Sample Paper 1 - (Non-Calculator) Higher Tier

8.

17 Make *a* the subject of  $a + 3 = \frac{2a + 7}{r}$ 

(Total for Question 17 is 3 marks)

Pearson Edexcel - Thursday 9 June 2016 - Paper 2 (Calculator) Higher Tier

18 (a) Simplify  $2a^3b \times 5a^2b^3$ 

(b) Make y the subject of the formula	$p = \sqrt{\frac{x+y}{5}}$		(2)
		(Total for Question 18	(3) is 5 marks)

Pearson Edexcel - Wednesday 4 November 2015 - Paper 1 (Non-Calculator) Higher Tier 10.

21 (a) Write as a single fraction in its simplest form  $\frac{5}{2-x} - \frac{4}{x}$ 

(3)

(b) Make y the subject of the formula

 $t = \frac{2 - 3y}{y + 2}$ 

(4)

(Total for Question 21 is 7 marks)

Pearson Edexcel - Friday 6 November 2015 - Paper 2 (Calculator) Higher Tier

11 (a) Solve  $3x^2 = 147$ 

	(2)	
(b) Work out the value of 2 <sup>-3</sup>		
	(1)	
(c) Simplify (3x <sup>2</sup> ) <sup>3</sup>		
	(2)	
w = 4p - 16		
(d) Make p the subject of this formula.		
	(2)	
	(Total for Question 11 is 7 marks)	

Pearson Edexcel - Thursday 4 June 2015 - Paper 1 (Non-Calculator) Higher Tier

20 Make *a* the subject of the formula  $p = \frac{3a+5}{4-a}$ 

(Total for Question 20 is 4 marks)

Pearson Edexcel - Friday 7 November 2014 - Paper 2 (Calculator) Higher Tier

22 (a) Simplify fully 
$$\frac{2x^2 - 5x + 3}{x^2 + 5x - 6}$$

(b) Make *m* the subject of

 $\frac{m}{v} - \frac{t}{b} = \frac{m-t}{R}$ 

(4) (Total for Question 22 is 7 marks)

Pearson Edexcel - Monday 9 June 2014 - Paper 1 (Non-Calculator) Higher Tier

14.

(3)

12 You can change temperatures from °F to °C by using the formula

$$C = \frac{5(F - 32)}{9}$$

F is the temperature in °F. C is the temperature in °C.

The minimum temperature in an elderly person's home should be 20 °C.

Mrs Smith is an elderly person. The temperature in Mrs Smith's home is 77°F.

\*(a) Decide whether or not the temperature in Mrs Smith's home is lower than the minimum temperature should be.

(b) Make F the subject of the formula 
$$C = \frac{5(F - 32)}{9}$$

(3)

(3)

(Total for Question 12 is 6 marks)

Pearson Edexcel - Friday 8 November 2013 - Paper 2 (Calculator) Higher Tier

**21** (a) Factorise  $4x^2 - 9$ 

(b) Make <i>m</i> the subject of $g - 3m = am + 5$	(1)
(b) Make <i>m</i> the subject of $g - 3m = am + 5$	
g - 3m = am + 5	
	(3)
(Total for Question 21 is 4 mar	ks)
rson Edexcel - Friday 14 June 2013 - Paper 2 (Calculator) Highe	er Tier
Make $p$ the subject of the formula $y = 3p^2 - 4$	

Pearson Edexcel - Monday 4 March 2013 - Paper 2 (Calculator) Higher Tier

14 A = 4bc
A = 100
b = 2
(a) Work out the value of c.

(2)  $m = \sqrt{\frac{k+1}{4}}$ (b) Make *k* the subject of the formula.

(Total for Question 14 is 5 marks)

(3)

Pearson Edexcel - Tuesday 6 November 2012 - Paper 1 (Non-Calculator) Higher Tier

24 Make t the subject of the formula

 $p=\frac{3-2t}{4+t}$ 

(Total for Question 24 is 4 marks)

## Pearson Edexcel - Monday 11 June 2012 - Paper 1 (Non-Calculator) Higher Tier

19	).	
8	(a) Expand 3(2y - 5)	
		(1)
	(b) Factorise completely $8x^2 + 4xy$	
		(2)
	(c) Make h the subject of the formula	(2)
	$t = \frac{gh}{10}$	
	10	
		h =(2)
_	(Total for Que	stion 8 is 5 marks)

Pearson Edexcel - Wednesday 13 June 2012 - Paper 2 (Calculator) Higher Tier

20.

20 Make t the subject of the formula 2(d-t) = 4t + 7

*t* = \_\_\_\_\_

(Total for Question 20 is 3 marks)

Pearson Edexcel - Friday 2 March 2012 - Paper 3 (Non-Calculator) Higher Tier

21. Here is a shape ABCDE.

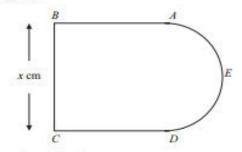


Diagram NOT accurately drawn

AB, BC and CD are three sides of a square. BC = x cm. AED is a semicircle with diameter AD.

The perimeter, P cm, of the shape ABCDE is given by the formula

$$P = 3x + \frac{\pi x}{2}$$

(a) Rearrange this formula to make x the subject.

(2)

The area,  $A \text{ cm}^2$ , of this shape is given by  $A = kx^2$  where k is a constant.

(b) Find the exact value of k. Give your answer in its simplest form.

(3)

(Total 5 marks)

Pearson Edexcel - Wednesday 9 November 2011 - Paper 3 (Non-Calculator) Higher Tier

17.  $y = p - 2qx^2$  p = -10 q = 3x = -5

(a) Work out the value of y.

(2)

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(b) Rearrange  $y = p - 2qx^2$ 

to make x the subject of the formula.

(3) (Total 5 marks)

Pearson Edexcel - Monday 6 June 2011 - Paper 3 (Non-Calculator) Higher Tier

**23.** Make *k* the subject of the formula  $t = \frac{k}{k-2}$ 

(Total 4 marks)

Pearson Edexcel - Tuesday 9 November 2010 - Paper 3 (Non-Calculator) Higher Tier

24.

**13.** Make *v* the subject of the formula  $t = \frac{v}{5} + 2$ 

v =.....

(Total 2 marks)

Pearson Edexcel - Tuesday 9 November 2010 - Paper 3 (Non-Calculator) Higher Tier

25.

26. <i>P</i> is inversely proportional to <i>V</i> .	
When $V = 8$ , $P = 5$	
(a) Find a formula for $P$ in terms of $V$ .	
	P =
(b) Calculate the value of $P$ when $V = 2$	
	(1)
	(Total 4 marks)

Pearson Edexcel - Friday 11 June 2010 - Paper 4 (Calculator) Higher Tier

26.

17. Make A the subject of the formula	$r = \sqrt{\frac{A}{3}}$	

A = .....

(Total 2 marks)

Pearson Edexcel - Thursday 5 November 2009 - Paper 3 (Non-Calculator) Higher Tier

27.

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16. Make q the subject of the formula 5(q + p) = 4 + 8p
Give your answer in its simplest form.
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*q* = .....

(Total 3 marks)

OCR GSCE – Thursday 8 November 2018 – Paper 5 (Non-Calculator) Higher Tier

28.

9 Rearrange this formula to make y the subject.

 $x = y^2 + 7$ 

## OCR GSCE – Wednesday 8 November 2017 – Paper 6 (Calculator) Higher Tier

29.

1 Use the formula  $s = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2$ .

(a) Calculate s when u = 5, t = 10 and a = 3.

(b) Make a the subject of the formula.

## OCR GSCE – Thursday 8 June 2017 – Paper 5 (Non - Calculator) Higher Tier

#### 30.

**5** (a) Rearrange the equation to make *x* the subject.

$$y = 7x - 3$$

#### (b) Factorise.

(i) 
$$x^2 - xy$$

(b)(i) .....[1]

(ii)  $x^2 + 8x + 12$ 

(ii) ......[2]

# AQA GSCE – Thursday 4 June 2020 – Paper 2 (Calculator) Higher Tier

15	Rearrange	$a = \frac{b}{c} + 5$	to make <i>c</i> the subject.	<b>10</b>
				[3 marks]
		Answer		

# AQA GSCE – Tuesday 11 June 2019 – Paper 3 (Calculator) Higher Tier 32.

8 Rearrange y = 3x - 2 to make x the subject. Circle your answer.

$$x = \frac{y}{3} - 2$$
  $x = \frac{y+2}{3}$   $x = \frac{y-2}{3}$   $x = \frac{y}{3} + 2$ 

[1 mark]

# AQA GSCE – Monday 12 November 2018 – Paper 3 (Calculator) Higher Tier 33.

26 
$$f(x) = \frac{2x+3}{x-4}$$

Work out  $f^{-1}(x)$ 

[4 marks]

Answer

34.			
28		f(x) = 5 - x and $g(x) = 3x + 7$	
28	(a)	Simplify $f(2x) + g(x - 1)$	[3 marks]
		Answer	
28	(b)	Solve $g^{-1}(x) = 2x$	[3 marks]
		<i>x</i> =	

# AQA GSCE – Thursday 7 June 2018 – Paper 2 (Calculator) Higher Tier

AQA GSCE 35.	– Wednesda	ay 8 Novem	ber 2017 – Paper 3 (Calculator) Higher Tier	
9 (a)	Rearrange	v = u + at	to make <i>t</i> the subject of the formula.	[2 marks]
		Answ	er	

9 (b) Complete this table with consistent metric units.

[2 marks]

Distance	Time	Speed	Acceleration
m	s		

AQA GSCE – Tuesday 13 June 2017 – Paper 3 (Calculator) Higher Tier 36.

**3** Rearrange  $2x = \frac{y}{w}$  to make *w* the subject.

Circle your answer.

[1 mark]

$$w = \frac{2y}{x} \qquad \qquad w = \frac{2x}{y} \qquad \qquad w = \frac{y}{2x} \qquad \qquad w = \frac{x}{2y}$$

# AQA GSCE – Sample Paper 2 (Calculator) Higher Tier

37.

**19** f(x) = 3x

Circle the expression for  $f^{-1}(x)$ 

[1 mark]

0	3	1	x
-3x	—		_
	x	3x	3